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27 October 1983

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INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

FURTHER REPORTAGE ON SEOUL IPU CONFERENCE

PDRY Official Rejects Conference

SK301214 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1029 GMT 30 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--The Democratic Yemeni paper ARBATTASHARA OUKTOOBUR 25 September carried the gist of a statement made public by Ali Ahmad al-Salami, chairman of the Foreign Relations Commission of the Presidium of the People's Supreme Council and chairman of the parliamentary group of Democratic Yemen, under the headline "Democratic Yemen Opposes and Rejects the 70th Conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union Slated in Seoul."

In the statement he said the conference is contradictory to the mission and purpose of the Inter-Parliamentary Union fighting for the interests of the world people desirous of peace, security and freedom and runs diametrically counter to the desire and wishes of the world people.

Democratic Yemen, he stressed, considers Seoul to be unfit for the convocation of the Inter-Parliamentary Conference.

His statement was widely reported by newspapers, news agency and radio of Democratic Yemen.

Guyanese, Peruvian Groups

SK301140 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1006 GMT 30 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--The Guyanese National Committee for the Study of the Chuche Idea of Comrade Kim Il-song in its statement fully supported the stand taken by the Guyanese Parliament and parliaments of many other member nations of the Inter-Parliamentary Union not to send their delegations to the 70th IPU conference.

The statement said: South Korea is a complete colony of the U.S. imperialists and the military base for aggression. The aim pursued by the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique in holding the 70th IPU conference in Seoul is to create "two Koreas" and cover up the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists.

In its statement the Peru-Korea Institute of Culture and Friendship pointed out that the designation of Seoul as the venue of the IPU conference in disregard of the long traditions and usage of the IPU is a result of the scheme of the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique.

Noting that to attend the forthcoming conference is to recognize the "two Koreas" plot of the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique, it appealed to all countries not to send their delegations to the conference.

Conference Termed 'Crippled'

SK301634 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1608 GMT 30 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--The movement against the convocation of the 70th conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union in Seoul is gaining momentum in many countries.

When voices denouncing the intrigues of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique to hold the conference in Seoul were growing ever louder, such socialist countries as Bulgaria, Cuba, the German Democratic Republic, Vietnam, Yugoslavia, Poland, the Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia, Mongolia, Albania, Romania and Hungary and many nonaligned and Third World countries including Madagascar, Zimbabwe, Benin, Mozambique, Guinea, Mali, Rwanda, Uganda, Zambia, Algeria, the Congo, Sierra Leone, Togo, Democratic Yemen, Guyana, Nicaragua and Syria have already decided not to attend the Seoul conference.

The South West Africa People's Organization and the Palestine Liberation Organization which had regularly attended conferences of the Inter-Parliamentary Union as observers expressed their stand not to attend the Seoul conference.

The Japan Socialist Party, the Japan Communist Party, the French Communist Party, the Communist Party of Venezuela, the Communist Party of India, the Communist Party of India (Marxist), the Communist Party of Portugal, the Left Party-Communists of Sweden, the Party of Green of the Federal Republic of Germany, the Swiss progressive organizations, the Swiss Autonomous Socialist Party, the Irish Workers' Party and other progressive political parties of many countries decided not to dispatch their delegates to the Seoul conference. This will make the delegations of the countries which are to participate in the conference "crippled delegations" and "abnormally formed delegations" in many cases as noted by foreign media, not full-fledged delegations comprising parliamentarians of all political parties.

Although the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique resorted to despicable maneuvers to draw non-member nations of the union into South Korea with the approach of the Seoul conference, tens of these countries including Tanzania, Guinea-Bissau and Central Africa rejected their moves and declared that they would not send any delegation to the conference.

More than 280 measures against the convocation of the 70th Inter-Parliamentary Conference in Seoul were taken at over 10 international organizations and in 70 odd countries.

With many countries and political parties deciding not to participate in the Seoul conference, opposing the intrigues of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique to use a sacred international conference for the insidious political purpose of creating "two Koreas," the 70th conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union is fated to be an "incomplete conference" and "crippled conference" in the true sense of the word, not a complete one, note foreign media.

Magazine Flays 'Scheme'

SK010359 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0344 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--A recent issue of HANYANG, a magazine of patriots under the influence of the "'ROK' Residents Association in Japan" ("Mindan"), published in Japan carried an article titled "Our View on Convocation of the IPU Conference in Seoul" flailing the heinous scheme of the U.S. imperialists and Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique to use the IPU conference for their sinister political purpose.

Noting that the essence of the matter lies not in the conference itself but in the intrigue of the United States and Chon Tu-hwan to use the conference for their insidious political purpose, the magazine says:

In holding the conference in Seoul the United States strategically seeks to create an impression that South Korea is not ruled by it but an "independent state," encourage the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist "regime" rejected and isolated at home and abroad and improve its public image. It can be said this is part of the strategic plan to create "two Koreas" and keep hold on South Korea forever as its military stronghold and nuclear bridgehead for its domination of the Far East. As for the Chon Tu-hwan "regime," it tries, availing itself of this, to make it appear as if it enjoyed some international "support" and thus tone down the ever mounting resistance spirit of the people and create a favourable condition for its long-term office.

If the IPU conference is held in Seoul, it will result in disregard of its objective in defending Chon Tu-hwan and helping the United States in its "two Koreas" plot and war policy.

Others Oppose Seoul IPU

SK011033 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1009 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--The Socialist Party and various organisations of Japan recently issued statements, resolutions and an appeal and sent a written request to the Secretariat of the Inter-Parliamentary Union opposing the convocation of the IPU conference in Seoul.

Resolutions were adopted at the 37th regular meeting of the Chiba prefectural headquarters of the Japan Socialist Party, the 48th regular meeting of the Nagasaki Prefectural Council of Trade Union, the 14th regular meeting of the Wakayama Prefectural Federation of the General Council of Transport Workers Union, the 16th regular meeting of the Okinawa Teachers Union, the Osaka Liaison Council for Solidarity with Korean Women and other political parties, organisations and meetings.

The Hyogo Prefectural Teachers Union and the Korean Affairs Institute of Matsuto City, Chiba Prefecture, issued statements.

The Santama Youth Liaison Council for Japan-Korea Solidarity published an appeal.

The statements, resolutions and appeal said that the aim pursued by the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique in trying to hold the 70th IPU conference in Seoul is to use it for the "two Koreas" plot, have the South Korean "regime" legalized internationally and save it from international isolation.

They said that Seoul can never be the venue of the IPU conference and the venue should be changed to another place.

They held that the Japanese Diet must not send its delegation to the forthcoming conference and the Japanese Government must stop at once the maneuvers barring the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

They expressed support to the Korean people's struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and called upon all countries not to send their delegations to the IPU conference slated in Seoul.

Scholars in the western area of Japan in their written request sent recently to the general secretary of the Inter-Parliamentary Union said that to hold the conference in Seoul is to freeze the division of Korea and asked him to reexamine the convocation of the Seoul conference.

Japan's Hanmintong Calls for Boycott

SK011030 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1000 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Tokyo, 29 Sep (KNS-KCNA)--The Japan headquarters of the "National Congress for the Restoration of Democracy in South Korea and the Promotion of Unification" ("Hanmintong"), an organisation of compatriots under the influence of the "ROK Residents Association in Japan" ("Mindan"), issued a statement on 28 September in support of the statement made public by Kim Yong-sam, president of the defunct New Democratic Party, and other former politicians of South Korea denouncing the fascist suppressive rule of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique and demanding the realisation of democracy in society.

It pointed out that the statement issued jointly by Kim Yong-sam and other former politicians opposed the dictatorship of the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" and called for independence, democracy and unification.

Recalling that with the approach of the Seoul conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union and Reagan's tour of South Korea the struggle against outside forces and the dictatorship is going on in South Korea, it said:

If the Seoul conference of the IPU is convened as scheduled, it will be used for a foul political purpose of the Chon Tu-hwan military dictatorial "regime." We call once again upon the member nations of the IPU not to attend the Seoul conference.

The biggest external obstacle to the democratisation of South Korean society and the reunification of Korea is the wrong Korean policy of the United States, it noted, and said:

The United States must end its rule and interference in South Korea and respect the national sovereignty of the people in the South. The Chon Tu-hwan "regime" is an illegal "regime" usurped at the point of the bayonet. The Chon Tu-hwan "regime" must resign at once, as demanded by the people.

Peru Senator Says No Delegation

SK020953 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0907 GMT 2 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)--The chairman of the People's Democratic Union of Peru who is a senator and the secretary in charge of the international relations of Thogizon who is a member of the House of Deputies issued a statement on 23 September on the question of sending a Peruvian parliamentary delegation to the 70th conference of the International Parliamentary Union.

The statement pointed out that the designation of South Korea as the venue of the 70th conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union is aimed at having South Korea recognized internationally.

Noting that no conference of the International Parliamentary Union had ever been held in a place under military occupation, the statement stressed: We cannot agree to Peru, a member nation of the Nonaligned Movement, sending its parliamentary delegation to South Korea ruled by the brutal fascist dictatorship.

The parliament of Peru must not be embroiled into the imperialists' maneuvers violating world peace when many countries of the world recognize the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as the only legitimate government of the Korean people and express support to their efforts for national reunification.

Malta Journalists Association

SK030831 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0806 GMT 3 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--The Progressive Journalists Association of Malta issued a statement on 29 September denouncing the scheme of the imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique to use the conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union for the political purpose of creating "two Koreas."

Noting that the imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique have hatched criminal plots such as "simultaneous entry into the United Nations" and "cross recognition" to legalize the division of Korea on the international scene and are scheming to create "two Koreas" at any cost, the statement said:

The Progressive Journalists Association of Malta strongly denounces the imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique for trying to use the 70th IPU conference for the political purpose of creating "two Koreas."

It appeals to the progressive journalists and people of the world who support the Korean people in their struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country to decisively oppose and reject the imperialists' intrigues.

CSO: 4100/005

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

SOUTH CONTINUES TO PUNISH STUDENTS FOR DEMONSTRATIONS

Punishment of Students

SK300423 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 30 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--The South Korean military fascist clique on 28 September passed prison terms ranging from 1 year and 6 months to 3 years upon nine students of Songgyungwan University, according to a report.

These students held a demonstration together with fellow students against the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique on 25 May, scattering more than 1,800 anti-"government" leaflets before the front gate of the university.

With the Seoul conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union just at hand, the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique is scheming to prevent the anti-U.S., anti-"government" action of students and people by penalizing patriotic students through fascist trials and creating a terror-ridden atmosphere.

Students Stage Demonstrations

SK292305 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2219 GMT 29 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--Amid the mounting anti-U.S., anti-puppet sentiments of the South Korean people with the convocation of the Inter-Parliamentary Conference in Seoul just at hand, more than 1,000 students of Yonsei University in Seoul held a massive anti-"government" demonstration on 29 September, according to a foreign press report.

At noon that day when one student of the university scattered anti-"government" leaflets from a five-story building, hundreds of students started a campus demonstration. Their number swiftly swelled to over 1,000 and the demonstration spread to several points.

The demonstrating students called for an end to police brutality on campus and shouted in high spirits "oust the 'government' of violence and soldiers."

A group of about 500 students with two students carrying knives in the van fiercely fought the police to break through police lines triggering the tear gas attack.

Frightened at the news of students' struggle, the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique sent hundreds of riot police to the university to help campus police. Desperately trying to break up the demonstration, the puppet clique arrested several students.

But the undaunted students persistently fought for 2 hours, hurling rocks at the police. Thousands of students watched their struggle, warmly supporting and encouraging them, the report said.

Earlier, on 26 September, an anti-"government" demonstration was staged by more than 300 students at Songgyungwan University of Seoul and a street demonstration by students in front of a gymnasium in the city.

Seoul Students Demonstrate

SK301640 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1617 GMT 30 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--Students of University of Foreign Studies in Seoul held an anti-"government" demonstration on 28 September when students were rising in succession in the anti-fascist struggle for democracy on the threshold of the Inter-Parliamentary Conference the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppet clique scheme to hold in Seoul, according to a report.

At around 1055 a student hung out a streamer carrying an anti-"government" slogan and scattered leaflets denouncing the fascist crimes of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique on the campus, calling his fellow students to a demonstration.

In response to this, many students held a demonstration, renewing their fighting spirit to overthrow the Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique and win democratic liberties and rights.

Student Sports Events Suspended

SK010907 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0812 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique suspended by force sports contests between Yonse and Koryo Universities in Seoul scheduled from 23 September to the end of the month, according to a foreign press report.

From 1965 these two universities have annually held sports contests in the name of "Yongojon" (Yonse-Koryo battle) in five events including baseball and soccer. This time the fascist clique suspended all these events, said the report.

The military fascists tried to conceal the real intention of this step, clamouring about "excessive exhaustion of energy and some other problems affecting education." But the public opinion in Seoul says that this prohibition of sports activities of students is aimed at suppressing them.

This is well proved by the foreign press report that students assert the real intention of this step is to eliminate the opportunity of anti-"government" activity of students on the threshold of the Inter-Parliamentary Conference.

'Suppressive' Campaign Denounced

SK010357 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0338 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--The Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique must discontinue the reckless suppressive campaign, set free all the unreasonably arrested and imprisoned students and people and step down from power without delay.

So stressed information No 261 issued by the Secretariat of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland on 30 September in denunciation of the South Korean puppet clique's intensified fascist suppression these days.

Recalling that recently the South Korean military fascist clique brutally cracked down upon thousands of students who held campus demonstrations loudly denouncing the treachery of the Chon Tu-hwan clique at two universities in Seoul and harshly penalized many students on charges of agitating for anti-"government" demonstration, the information branded this as an unpardonable anti-communist offensive of the fascist hangmen aimed to put down and stamp out their righteous struggle.

Noting that lately the Chon Tu-hwan fascist clique, at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists, is intensifying the "check-up" and arrest in various parts of South Korea under the pretext of "maintenance of order" and "establishment of social discipline" with the approach of the Seoul conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union and Reagan's tour of South Korea, the information says:

In particular, much upset by the recent explosion at the "American Cultural Center" in Taegu by South Korean patriotic people, the puppet clique issued the fascist "emergency alert duty order" and mobilized all the puppet army, police, prosecution and special agents to launch a wholesale roundup campaign together with the U.S. imperialist aggression forces.

The brutal suppression and trial of student demonstrators in Seoul are part of such repressive campaign.

The frantic suppressive campaign in South Korea is a reflection of the political instability and crisis of the Chon Tu-hwan group.

Students Sentenced to Jail

SK020942 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0858 GMT 2 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)--The Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique on 30 September staged a trial at the puppet Seoul District Criminal Court and imposed prison terms of 1 year and 6 months upon 11 students who had waged an anti-"government" struggle, according to a report.

Those students had reportedly agitated an anti-"government" demonstration on the campus and struggled courageously in the demonstration in May. The (?puppet) clique arrested and prisoned them before sentencing them to fascist penalties on charges of "playing the leading part in the demonstration."

This is part of the repressive acts in which the Chon Tu-hwan traitor clique is getting more frantic these days in an attempt to block the struggle of the students and people by harsher repression and threat, upset by their rapidly mounting anti-U.S., antiwar "government" sentiments.

Thirty-one students were imprisoned in September on charges of violation of the "law on assembly and demonstration" in the fascist rampage of the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique, says a foreign press report.

Riot Police Stationed on Seoul Streets

SK020956 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0910 GMT 2 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)--The foreign press says that students' demonstrations are expanding in Seoul.

The riot police armed with clubs and tear gas cannisters has been posted in the Chongro Street of Seoul on the evening of 30 September while a rumour is abroad that students were planning a street demonstration before the Inter-Parliamentary Conference, says the report, revealing an aspect of the uneasiness of the Chon Tu-hwan military fascist clique in face of the patriotic action of the students.

Soviet Media Report Demonstration

SK060110 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2230 GMT 5 Oct 83

[Text] Moscow, 3 Oct (KCNA)--Soviet newspapers and news agency reported the anti-"government" struggle of South Korean students. Reporting about the intensified struggle of South Korean students against the Chon Tu-hwan dictatorial "regime," TASS said on 1 October:

Reports from Seoul confirm that the situation in the south of the Korean Peninsula is being gravely aggravated and the struggle against the dictatorship, police suppression and the anti-popular policy of the authorities is gaining momentum there.

On 29 September clashes between students of Yonse University demanding the resignation of the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" and the police continued for more than 2 hours. The young men countered the police tear shells with rocks. The riot police broke into the campus and started arresting students. In September alone the authorities imprisoned more than 30 students of eight universities and colleges.

The statement issued by former opposition figures whose political activities are banned by the self-styled "President" Chon Tu-hwan was a direct expression of the growing discontent with the dictatorial politics. They resolutely denounced the brutal suppression of participants in the movement for democracy and demanded the prompt release of all political prisoners, freedom of the press and the abrogation of all evil laws depriving the people of their civil rights.

On the other hand, the scheme to frame up a tripartite military alliance of Washington, Tokyo and Seoul is being intensified in an atmosphere of anti-communist frenzy. Whipping up a war fever, the U.S. military clique and the South Korean puppet army are continuously committing armed provocations against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Soviet papers SOTSIALISTICHESKAYA INDUSTRIYA and SELSKAYA ZHIZN reported the anti-"government" struggle of South Korean students.

CSO: 4100/005

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

SOUTH UNDERGROUND CALLS FOR REUNIFICATION

SK301227 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1036 GMT 30 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--A recent issue of MINJOK SIBO, a Korean paper published in Japan under the influence of the "'ROK' Residents Association in Japan " ("Mindan"), carried a declaration issued by an underground organisation of South Korea under the title "To the Struggle For Second Independence" on the occasion of the 38th anniversary of the 15 August liberation.

Calling for "three struggles against the military fascist dictatorship, dependent economy and national division," the declaration said:

Firstly, the military fascist dictatorship of Chon Tu-hwan should be overthrown and democracy be won.

Secondly, economy should be freed from the state of a colonial economy and "dependent economy" and an independent national economy be built.

Thirdly, a preposterous argument about anti-communist reunification by force of arms and a deceptive argument about "peaceful unification" should be rejected, the plot of the Chon Tu-hwan "regime" to perpetuate the national division be smashed and the complete unification of the country be realized on the three principles--independence, peaceful reunification and great national unity.

The declaration called for intensified struggle for democracy, saying that realisation of democracy by the South Korean people is important for the country's unification.

CSO: 4100/005

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DAILY REVIEWS SITUATION IN S. KOREA

SK011535 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1511 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--The people will never tolerate the puppets' intrigues to abuse an international conference, says NODONG SINMUN in a review of the South Korean situation on 30 September.

Noting that the confrontation between the people and the puppets grew more acute in the last 15 days on the threshold of an Inter-Parliamentary Conference in South Korea, the paper says:

The U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets resorted to every conceivable maneuver to hold the Inter-Parliamentary Conference in Seoul as scheduled at all costs.

The Chon Tu-hwan group got noisier in their row for anti-communist confrontation.

On 16 September the puppets set the stage for a "meeting of homesick people" in the central sector of the front where the northern half of the country was visible and heaped malicious abuses on us, crying over "sorrow of displaced people" and the like and staged a burlesque called "exercise of anti-spy marine operation" on the sea off Inchon Port, firing rifles and guns at a "sham spy boat."

They incited North-South confrontation in all parts of South Korea under the pretext of "security," raising a hue and cry over fictitious "threat and infiltration from the North."

This anti-communist confrontation campaign is designed to hold the international conference without a hitch and justify Reagan's Seoul trip slated for November by channelling the mounting anti-U.S., anti-"government" sentiments of the South Korean people to anti-communism.

The puppets intensified their fascist offensive against the people under the plea of "social stability" for the international conference.

The fascist clique on 23 September brutally cracked down upon students who rose in an anti-"government" demonstration in Seoul and on 24 September passed prison terms at a trial on several students who had been involved in an anti-"government" struggle in May. On 28 September, they sentenced nine students of Songgyungwan University involved in an anti-"government" demonstration to prison terms. They hatched a plot to institute a new military fascist organization called "Homeland Defence Support Corps" to reinforce the repressive machines and forces and, after the explosion at the "American Cultural Center" in Taegu, issued an "emergency alert duty order" to the puppet police and kicked up a repressive row everywhere.

A powerful explosion broke out at the "American Cultural Center" in Taegu on 22 September when the anti-U.S., anti-fascist fighting spirit of the people was steadily growing in South Korea. This was a deserving punishment to the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Next day thousands of students in Seoul staged an anti-"government" demonstration. This demonstration following the explosion at the "American Cultural Center" in Taegu was a manifestation of the unshakable will of South Korean students to restore national sovereignty and democratic rights. And this shows that the South Korean people's struggle against the U.S. imperialists' colonial enslavement policy and the Chon Tu-hwan clique's fascist rule is developing in depth, assuming a new trend.

CSO: 4100/005

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

KCNA CITES RPR STATEMENT ON TAEGU BOMBING

SK022218 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2201 GMT 2 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--The spokesman of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification on 24 September issued a statement in connection with the explosion at the "American Cultural Center" in Taegu, praising this incident as another signal of punishment to the U.S. imperialists, the aggressors, and a patriotic act letting fly the sparks of an active anti-U.S. resistance, according to Radio "Voice of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification."

The statement says: The bomb attack on the "American Cultural Center" standing like a devil downtown Taegu was a deserved punishment to the Yankee aggressors, the deadly enemy of our nation.

Feeling in every fiber of their being that a compromise with or submission to the U.S. imperialists leads directly to national ruin, our people will never tolerate the scheme of the U.S. imperialists to disguise colonial South Korea as an "independent state" by inducing a conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union.

The people of all strata are enraged particularly at the expected trip of U.S. President Reagan to Seoul for zealously patronizing and encouraging the military dictatorship of the Chon Tu-hwan traitor clique, a group of fascist murderers and traitors.

The explosion that rocked the streets of Taegu was another eruption of the anti-U.S. sentiments growing fiercer in colonial South Korea and reflection of the national will decisively opposing the South Korean visit of Reagan.

Our party highly praises and warmly supports the courageous struggle of patriotic fighters of Taegu in their attack on the hateful "American Cultural Center" as a manifestation of the strong will of anti-U.S., national salvation.

And it sternly denounces in the name of the entire people the Chon Tu-hwan group, the stooge of the U.S. imperialists, bent on blocking the anti-U.S., patriotic action with the explosion at the "American Cultural Center" in Taegu as an occasion.

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

KCNA CRITICIZES MILITARY EXERCISES IN S. KOREA

SK040118 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2259 GMT 3 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--Military exercises opposing the northern half of Korea and disturbing world peace are taking place more frequently on a larger scale in South Korea.

The U.S. imperialists mobilised more than 191,000 U.S. troops and puppet troops in the "Team Spirit 83" war exercises. This strength is more than four times that of those mobilized in the first "Team Spirit" war exercises and nearly two times that of those mobilized in "NATO" joint military exercises involving 15 countries.

In May, the South Korean puppets, instigated by the U.S. imperialists, staged a war exercise dubbed "Myolgong-83" in the area around Seoul. This involved puppet army and police and men of the "Homeland Defence Reserve Forces" and "Civilian Defence Corps" 3.5 million strong and all the inhabitants in the area where the exercise took place. Another large-scale war exercise codenamed "Ulchi-83" was staged in all parts of South Korea in late August.

The war exercises in South Korea assume extremely provocative nature because they are all staged in a simulated attack on the northern half of Korea. The danger of nuclear war against our people is increasing in South Korea.

The U.S. army chief of staff who flew into South Korea on the threshold of the "Team Spirit 83" ranted on 22 January that it was planned to use tactical nuclear weapons even if a conventional war breaks out on the Korean Peninsula, and the "U.S. defence report" issued a few days later referred to "forestalling use of nuclear weapons."

In accordance with this aggressive aim of U.S. imperialism, the nuclear-powered aircraft carrier "Enterprise" carrying more than 200 nuclear weapons participated in the "Team Spirit 83."

Concluding the 15th "Annual Security Conference" with South Korean puppets in mid-April, U.S. Defence Secretary Weinberger prattled that the United States would supply reinforced modern nuclear umbrella to South Korea.

The U.S. paper WASHINGTON POST reported that the United States is producing neutron bombs for 8 inch Howitzers in South Korea and developing neutron bombs for 155 mm Howitzers.

The U.S. imperialists have already introduced more than 1,000 nuclear weapons into South Korea. If neutron weapons are added to this, South Korea would turn further into a nuclear military base of U.S. imperialism.

Facts eloquently tell that it is intolerable to hold an Inter-Parliamentary Conference in South Korea, an aggressive military base of U.S. imperialism.

It goes without saying that visiting Seoul means conniving at the new war provocation maneuvers of aggressors and traitors, no matter what intention may be.

CSO: 4100/005

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

DAILY SCORES YI POM-SOK UN PRESS CONFERENCE

SK041128 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1030 GMT 4 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--The South Korean puppet foreign minister at a press conference held at the United Nations brought forward "simultaneous entry of North and South into the United Nations" and the "problem of separated families," speaking ill of us. NODONG SINMUN today prints a commentary flailing this. The author of the commentary notes that his jargon is a ridiculous sophism of the splittist designed to mislead public opinion at home and abroad. The commentary says:

"Simultaneous entry into the United Nations" is a splittist plan worked out by the U.S. imperialists and announced as a policy by the former dictator in the "23 June declaration." It is that the North and the South should enter the United Nations separately to make the division of Korea a fait accompli in the international arena and create "two Koreas." Therefore, the plan for "simultaneous entry into the United Nations" was rejected by our people and the progressive people of the world as soon as it was made public and was punctured.

The puppet foreign minister "hoped for simultaneous entry into the United Nations." This is nothing but a revelation of his intention to persist in the anti-national "two Koreas" plot. This once again gives the lie to the puppets' slogan of "unification" and "dialogue."

"Unification" they are crying for, while persisting in such splittist line as "entry into the United Nations," is nothing but a mockery of public opinion with the reunification problem.

That day the puppet, explaining the reason why the union of separated families has not been realised, hammered away at the poppycock that we are to blame for this.

Though 38 years have passed since the country's liberation and 30 years since the war, the union of families and relatives separated in the North and the South remains unrealized and even many separated families in South Korea do not know whether their kith and kin are alive or not. The continuation of such inhumane situation is attributable entirely to the colonial fascist rule and "two Koreas" policy of the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets.

The humanitarian problem of uniting families and relatives separated in the North and South can be fully solved only when the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists is brought to an end in South Korea and the reunification of the country is realised.

Puppet Foreign Minister Yi Pom-sok, when he came to the northern half of the republic for a dialogue, refused to meet his relatives when we offered him an opportunity to meet them, saying that to meet them is contradictory to the "anti-communist law" and, therefore, is detrimental to his safety. Yet he claimed that we are to blame for the failure to realise the union of separated families and relatives. What a shameless fellow he is!

The Chon Tu-hwan group is an anti-national group desperately trying to prevent even overseas compatriots from visiting their native places to meet their families and relatives. It is clear to everyone that their talk about "finding out of families" is a sheer lie.

CSO: 4100/005

INTER-KOREAN AFFAIRS

BRIEFS

RESOLUTION ON UNIFICATION--Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--The 1983 regular meeting of the Higashi Kobe Medical Benefit Society held recently in Kobe, Japan, adopted a resolution supporting the democratisation of South Korean society and the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea. Noting that it is a desire of the Korean nation and carries decisive significance in defending world peace to abolish all foreign military bases in South Korea and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, the resolution demands the Japanese Government: To strive for the immediate withdrawal of U.S. troops from South Korea, not to involve itself in the "two Koreas" plot but change its Korean policy, to make necessary efforts to promote the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, to bend all efforts for the prompt release of political prisoners in South Korea, to oppose the convocation of the 70th conference of the Inter-Parliamentary Union in Seoul. [Text] [SK040101 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2232 GMT 3 Oct 83]

JAPANESE FISHERMEN ENCROACH WATERS--Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--South Korean fishing boats and fishermen suffered big losses from the outrages of Japanese fishing boats intruding into the coastal waters of South Korea, according to a report. Japanese fishing boats tear nets of South Korean fishermen or collide into their boats and drain the sea of fish resources by random fishing. Even according to an official announcement of the puppet authorities, the cases of damages done to South Korean fishing boats by Japanese boats in 15 years till 1981 numbered 274. The losses suffered by South Korean fishermen in 11 cases of damages caused by Japanese fishing boats from October last year to April this year amounted to more than 773 million won. The South Korean fishermen have demanded time and again an end to the outrages of Japanese fishing boats. But the puppet clique turned down their just demand on the mean excuse that the "relations" with Japan "must not be spoilt." [Text] [SK030828 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0803 GMT 3 Oct 83]

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT

NODONG SINMUN ON TRAINING TECHNICAL CADRES

SK031117 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1026 GMT 3 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN 2 October dedicated an article to the 15th anniversary of the publication of "Let Us Strengthen the Training of Technical Personnel to Meet the New Requirements of Socialist Construction," a historic work made public by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song during his on-the-spot guidance to Kim Chaek University of Technology, an all-embracing base of our country for the training of national technical cadres, on 2 October 1968.

In this work he gave a comprehensive exposition of the chuche-oriented, revolutionary educational policy and ways of bringing up more competent technical personnel in compliance with the requirements of the technical revolution at a new, higher stage.

Underlining the significance of the work, the article says: His work is of great historical significance, first of all, the work of training technical personnel to meet the requirements of the developing technical revolution. [As received]

The great leader with a deep insight into the law of the development of the technical revolution set forth a wise policy of bringing up more competent technical personnel equipped with wide-range scientific and technical knowledge corresponding to the age of electronic automation in the future already in the days when the tasks of socialist industrialization and all-round technical revolution were nearing completion in our country.

The significance of the work also lies in that it indicated a genuine way of thoroughly embodying the principle of socialist pedagogy to rear students to be communistic technical personnel who are revolutionized and working-classized.

In the work the great leader said that to revolutionize and working-classize students it is necessary to correctly combine education in the two aspects of social science and natural science throughout our educational system from childhood, attach importance to education in social science especially at universities and so organize all life as to help towards establishing a

revolutionary world outlook of chuche among them while giving them a high level of scientific and technical knowledge. As a result, all students in our universities have been brought up to be chuche-type communistic technical personnel firmly armed with a revolutionary outlook of the leader during the university period in conformity with the purpose and mission of socialist education.

The great significance of the great leader's historical work also lies in that it has served to thoroughly establish chuche in the training of technical personnel and scientific researches.

In the work he taught that to establish chuche in education and scientific researches it is essential to uproot flunkeyism thoroughly.

As he clarified the policy of thoroughly establishing chuche in education and scientific researches, a firm guarantee has been provided for rooting out flunkeyism and developing education and scientific researches in keeping with the requirements of our revolution and construction.

His policy of training of technical personnel and scientific researches has fully proved its validity and vitality through practical struggles, the article stresses.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/ECONOMY

BUMPER HARVEST REAPED IN CHAENYONG COUNTY

SK030356 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0343 GMT 3 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--Bumper crops have visited Chaenyong County, South Hwanghae Province, located on the west coast of Korea, this year again.

On the cooperative farms in the county seething with joy at bumper crops, the harvest of maize has already been finished and rice harvest is now going on at the final stage.

On all farms and fields, the average per hectare rice yield is foreseen to show a rise of hundreds of kilograms above the peak year.

Maize has also done well. It is expected to be 500 kilograms more than last year per hectare on an average.

The per hectare yield of rice on some fields of many cooperative farms including the Samjigang, Pukji and Kim Che Won cooperative farms is confidently foreseen to go beyond the mark of 9 tons.

This year, too, the abnormal capricious weather continued, which was very unfavorable to farming. But these cooperative farms did all farming including tending of rice seedlings, rice transplanting, weeding and water control in good time qualitatively as required by the chuche-based farming method, with the result that each plant bore good fruits.

There is no missing plant and every ear is large. The number of grains of each rice ear is three more than last year and the weight of every 1,000 grains is 1.5 grams heavier than last year.

In Chaenyong County fruit and vegetable farming has also been successful and the production of meat and cocoon is expected to top the plans by far.

The county reaps a rich harvest every year under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song who always pays deep attention to agricultural production.

Grain output last year was 40 percent above the 1978 figure.

N. KOREA/ECONOMY

BRIEFS

PROGRESS OF AUTUMN HARVEST--Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)--The Korean agricultural working people are energetically accelerating autumn harvest with the joy at the unprecedented bumper crops they have brought this year again. According to data available, rice harvest had been carried out 64.6 percent and maize harvest 59 percent by 30 September, taking the country as a whole. The daily average results of rice harvest of the country are jumping by 6.5-7 percent these days. In South Hwanghae Province, a major grain producer of the country, the harvest of maize had been carried out 98.8 percent and rice harvest 82.4 percent by 30 September. Rice harvesters, tractors and other means of transport are being widely used in harvest. [Text] [SK021040 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1006 GMT 2 Oct 83]

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/SOCIAL CONDITIONS

KIM CHONG-IL GUIDES HEALTH SERVICE DEVELOPMENT

SK302305 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2232 GMT 30 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--Health services for the people are making a rapid development in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The attendants of the World Health Organisation South-East Asia Regional Conference on primary health care held in Pyongyang expressed deep impressions, witnessing the signal successes made by the Korean people in public health. All these successes are entirely results of the wise leadership and profound care of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

The great leader, basing himself on the immortal chuche idea, propounded unique idea and theory on public health and established the most advanced public health system on this land.

The dear leader set a new high goal and demand for further development of health services and energetically conducted all work boldly and in a big way.

The health services in Korea have reached a high level today. A full and universal free medical assistance system, one of the communistic measures, is in force, under which the state bears all expenses from the diagnosis fees to the medical treatment and recuperation at sanatoria and even the fares both ways in the travel there.

Medical facilities are found everywhere people live and work and general and specialised hospitals serve the population in all places.

The number of the health organs has increased nearly 50 times as against that shortly after the liberation to reach more than 9,200. The number of the hospital beds for each 1,000 heads of the population jumped from 0.1 before liberation to 13 in 1982.

With the promotion of detailed specialisation of medical services, the modern Pyongyang maternity hospital has been built and a great many specialised hospitals such as pediatric, maternity, dental preventive, traditional medicine and first-aid hospitals have made their appearance in major cities. Their number reaches nearly 1,000.

Rural health services have made remarkable development. No-doctor subcounty disappeared in 1950 and no-doctor ri in 1960. The ri clinics were turned into hospitals in 1974 and now the county people's hospitals are being turned into general hospitals.

Preventive medical services are a work of the whole state and whole society in Korea where main emphasis is put on preventive medicine. Thoroughgoing preventive measures are taken against infectious diseases, whereby immunity measures and medical inspection are strengthened.

Weighty importance is attached to the section-doctor system, an advanced medical service system.

Everyone has a doctor assigned to him or to her to receive systematic prophylactic and therapeutic assistance, such as regular medical check-up, health consultation, and preventive inoculation. The out-patient assistance per head of the population in 1982 numbered 18.5.

Various epidemics including distome with a record of more than 500 years were eradicated long ago in Korea.

The state pays special attention to the protection of the health of mothers and children. Special medical facilities for children densely distributed all over the country, the children are under a systematic medical care from their fetal life.

Energetic researches are under way for placing therapeutic and prophylactic services on a more modern and scientific basis by developing chuche-inspired medical science and technology.

Modern medical appliances factories have been built in large number and the production of medical appliances is conducted through a massive campaign.

Diversified pharmaceutical industry has been built to meet the demand for medicaments with home products in the main.

The mineral water abundant in the country is effectively used for recuperation. More than 120 sanatoria are distributed across the country.

With the steady increase of the health workers, the number of the doctors for each 10,000 heads of the population rose from 0.5 before liberation to 24 in 1982. Each province has a medical university and there are countless other medical educational institutions all over the country.

The appropriations for public health last year was 112 times those shortly after liberation. The protection of health of the working people is legally guaranteed by the Public Health Law adopted in April 1980.

The mortality rate per 1,000 heads of population in 1982 was 4.3, one-fifth of that before liberation, and the life expectancy at birth has been lengthened to 74 years.

N. KOREA/SOCIAL CONDITIONS

APARTMENTS TO BE BUILT FOR 4,000 FAMILIES

SK041129 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1039 GMT 4 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--Modern flats for more than 4,000 families will be built in Hamhung, an industrial city on the eastern coast of Korea. The construction of flats for over 3,000 families has entered the final stage and about 1,000 families have already moved to new houses.

Giving on-the-spot guidance to various domains of the national economy in South Hamgyong Province in July, the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song gave teachings on building more modern houses for the working people in Hamhung where workers are concentrated.

Deeply moved by the warm love of the great leader and the party's solicitude for them, the builders and working people in Hamhung have risen as one with a determination to build modern flats for more than 4,000 families within this year.

They are now heightening the tempo of the construction of many-storeyed flats 1.5 times as compared with the previous period.

A 20-storeyed round tower-style flat is being built in the heart of the Ryongnam Street. This modern flat with an accomodation of 300 families entered the final stage after the finishing of the wall assembling.

Over 10,000 multi-storeyed houses will be built in the future in the workers' districts of Hamhung.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

KOREANS IN JAPAN SEE FILM OF KIM CHONG-IL

SK261216 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1032 GMT 26 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 26 Sep (KCNA)--"China Visit of Comrade Kim Chong-il, Member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea," a documentary film showing the whole course of the historic China visit of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, is being widely screened amid the great interest of functionaries of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) and Koreans there, evoking widespread repercussions among them, according to a KNS report from Tokyo.

After seeing the film, Chongnyon functionaries and compatriots in Japan renew the firm resolve to remain loyal to the chuche cause to the end, seeing with boundless reverence and emotion the noble efforts of the dear leader to glorify forever generation after generation the great friendship and unity between the Korean and Chinese peoples.

Yun Song-im, chairman of the Machiya branch of the Arakawa, Tokyo, chapter of Chongnyon, said: While seeing the dear leader who is warmly welcomed everywhere he goes, I was moved to tears with the pride and self-confidence in being the Korean nation which is advancing under his leadership.

I keenly felt that he is further strengthening and developing the friendship and unity with China carrying forward the lofty intention of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Kim Chong-kuk, chairman of the Yoyogi branch of the Shibuse, Tokyo, chapter of Chongnyon, had this to say: What I felt most strongly seeing the dear leader in the film at first hand is that a bright future is promised for our homeland and people and compatriots in Japan.

It is a glory and joy for our homeland and nation to have such a person as the dear leader.

Pak Hae-su, chairman of the China Educational Association, said: Seeing the film I deeply felt that Korea and China are in the flesh-and-blood relations sealed in blood.

Seeing the film, I fully realized how high the international authority and prestige of the great leader and the dear leader are and keenly felt the pride and honour of being the Korean nation which is advancing under the leadership of the two great persons.

Kim Yong-suk, chairman of the Kanehira branch of Fukuoka chapter of Fukuoka Prefecture of the Union of Korean Women in Japan, said: The undying revolutionary feats performed by the dear leader in his visit to China and its course helped us realize better the greatness of the dear leader who is brilliantly carrying forward the revolutionary cause of chuche started by the great leader.

CHOSON SINBO published by Chongnyon recently carried an editorial under the title "Let Us Actively Organise the Work of Screening of the Documentary Film--China Visit of the Dear Leader Comrade Kim Chong-il--and Effect a New Upsurge in the Patriotic Movement."

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

DAILY MARKS ANNIVERSARY OF NEWS SERVICE IN JAPAN

SK011524 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1501 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--Papers here today dedicate editorial articles to the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Korean News Service in Japan. They say that, on this day, men of the press and people in the homeland extend warm felicitations to the journalists and editors of the Korean News Service and Korean men of the press in Japan.

Noting that the KNS from its inception has energetically worked to firmly arm its functionaries and compatriots with the *chuche* idea of the respected leader Marshal Kim Il-song, the sun of the nation, and powerfully mobilize the compatriots in the fulfillment of the patriotic tasks of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), holding him in high esteem, an article of NODONG SINMUN says:

Through its energetic activities, the KNS has widely propagandized immortal classic works of the respected leader and his glorious revolutionary history. At the same time, it has widely reported at home and abroad the great *chuche* idea, the line and policy of our party, its embodiment, and great successes and exploits of our people in the revolution and construction.

Thus, it has defended and glorified the great *chuche* idea under the difficult conditions in an alien land and contributed to preparing Chongnyon functionaries and Korean residents in Japan to be revolutionaries and true patriots boundlessly faithful to the respected leader, deepening the feelings of reverence for him among Japanese and world people and raising higher the external authority and prestige of the DPRK.

Upholding the policy of national reunification put forward by the respected leader, the KNS has denounced the "two Koreas" plot and new war provocation moves of the U.S. imperialists and the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique, mobilized Korean residents in Japan in the struggle for national reunification and enlisted strong international solidarity with our people's cause of national reunification.

The immortal *chuche* idea and teachings given by the respected leader to Chongnyon and Korean residents in Japan in each period and his outstanding idea of the press have served as a firm guiding principle in all work and activities of the KNS, declares the article.

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

CHONGNYON COMMEMORATES KNS FOUNDING ANNIVERSARY

SK040437 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0348 GMT 4 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--The Korean News Service in Japan on 1 October commemorated its 35th birthday. On this occasion a meeting was held to convey gifts and honorary titles bestowed upon its staff by the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il. Placed on the platform of the meeting hall were a portrait of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song and a portrait of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

The meeting was attended by Han Tok-su, chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), and Yi Chin-kyu, first vice-chairman, and Pak Chae-no and Paek Chong-won, vice-chairmen, of the Chongnyon Central Standing Committee, its department directors and leading personnel of organizations and enterprises under Chongnyon, the entire employees of the Korean News Service and their families, men of the press of Chongnyon and patriotic traders and manufacturers.

After the gifts and honorary titles were conveyed, Chairman Han Tok-su made a speech. Giving a detailed review of the fact that the Korean News Service which was founded under the wise guidance and care of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song has successfully discharged its mission as a juche-based overseas news organ of the DPRK, bravely overcoming all manner of suppression and subversive acts of the enemies at home and abroad over the past 35 years, he stressed:

Today the Korean News Service is actively contributing to the promotion of the cause of national reunification while carrying through the policy of modelling Chongnyon on the chuche idea in hearty response to the chuche-oriented ideas of the press set forth by the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

A letter to the great leader and a letter to the dear leader were adopted at the meeting.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/KOREANS IN JAPAN

BRIEFS

KIM CHUNG-NIN MEETS CHONGNYON GROUP--Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Chung-nin on 30 September met the delegation of young functionaries of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by Kang Chang-su on a visit to the socialist homeland and had a talk with it in an atmosphere overflowing with compatriotic sentiments. On hand was Kim Chu-yong, director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs. [Text] [SK302249 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2213 GMT 30 Sep 83]

HWANG CHANG-YOP MEETS EDUCATORS--Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on 1 October met and had a talk overflowing with compatriotic sentiments with the delegation of Korean educationists in Japan headed by O Song Sa, director of the Educational Department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), staying in the socialist homeland. Director of the General Bureau of Overseas Compatriots Affairs Kim Cho-yong was on hand. [Text] [SK020912 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0838 GMT 2 Oct 83]

GREETINGS TO PRC PRESIDENT--Tokyo, 1 Oct (KNS-KCNA)--Han Tok-su, chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), on 1 October sent a message of greetings to Li Xiannian, president of the People's Republic of China, on the 34th anniversary of the founding of the PRC. Extending warm congratulations to the fraternal Chinese people, he expressed joy at the great victory and successes achieved by the Chinese people in the socialist revolution and construction over the past 34 years. He expressed the conviction that the traditional relations of friendship between Korea and China would continue to strengthen and develop and wished the fraternal Chinese people greater strides forward in their righteous struggle. [Text] [SK030352 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0341 GMT 3 Oct 83]

CHONGNYON OFFICIAL MEETING--Tokyo, 7 Sep (KNS-KCNA)--Yi Chin-kyu, first vice-chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), recently met M. Toure, Guinean ambassador to Japan, who paid a courtesy call on him. First Vice-Chairman Yi Chin-kyu had a talk with the ambassador in a friendly atmosphere. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0415 GMT 9 Sep 83]

LECTURE FOR CHONGNYON--Tokyo, 7 Sep (KNS-KCNA)--A lecture for cadres of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) was given on 7 September at the Korean House in Tokyo on the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the glorious fatherland. A portrait of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song and a portrait of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il were put up on the platform of the lecture hall. Attending there were Yi Chin-kyu, first vice-chairman, Pak Chae-no and So Man-sul, vice-chairmen, and department directors, of the Central Standing Committee of Chongnyon, leading personages of organisations and enterprises and other Chongnyon functionaries. Vice-Chairman Pak Chae-no gave a lecture titled "the socialist fatherland of chuche is most dignified country with high international authority." Lectures celebrating the 35th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK, the glorious fatherland, were given at Chongnyon organisations in all parts of Japan. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0438 GMT 8 Sep 83]

CHONGNYON VISITORS--Pyongyang, 24 Sep (KCNA)--A delegation of functionaries of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon) headed by Yi Song-u, vice-director of the Propaganda Department of Chongnyon Central Standing Committee, a delegation of functionaries of the League of Korean Youth in Japan headed by Choe Se-chin, teacher at the Central Institute of Chongnyon, a delegation of functionaries of the Korean Gramophone Record Company headed by Yi Chol-u, director of the Central Standing Committee of the Union of Korean Literary Men and Artists in Japan, a home-visiting group of Chongnyon pressmen headed by Yun Myong-chung, advisor to the Haku Sobang Publishing House, a home-visiting group of clerks of the Korea-Japan Export and Import Corporation headed by Pae Sang-hun, section chief of the company, and the 59th short-term home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan headed by Mun Su-pom, director of the Hyogo prefectural headquarters of Chongnyon, arrived in Wonsan on 23 September by the ship "Samjiyon" for a visit to the socialist homeland. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 2204 GMT 23 Sep 83]

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

REPORTS ON CONFERENCE OF MINISTERS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE

Report on 4th-Day Session

SK280427 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0344 GMT 28 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 28 Sep (KCNA)--The fourth-day session of the first conference of ministers of education and culture of nonaligned and other developing countries was held at the People's Palace of Culture on 27 September. A debate on the agenda items continued at the session.

Prior to the debate, head of the Benin delegation Capochichi T. Gratien made a speech. He said: The speech made by the great leader President Kim Il-song at a grand banquet he arranged for the participants in the first conference of ministers of education and culture of nonaligned and other developing countries gives a clear exposition of the agenda items of the conference.

In his speech the great leader gave a lucid analysis of the situation prevailing in the new-emerging countries like a doctor making a correct diagnosis of diseases and, on its basis, provided the nonaligned and other developing countries with a priceless panacea for removing the social and cultural evils. He also put forward the tasks facing the educational and cultural fields and indicated ways for strengthening solidarity between the new-emerging countries and expanding and developing the nonaligned movement.

The head of the Benin delegation proposed to the conference to adopt the speech of the great leader President Kim Il-song at the banquet arranged for the participants as an official document of the conference.

Speaking next, head of the Zimbabwean delegation Dzingai Mutumbuka fully supported the proposal of the head of the Benin delegation and proposed to adopt a letter of thanks to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, in the name of the conference.

Head of the Zambian delegation Miles Banda, head of the Mauritius delegation A. Parsuramen and head of the Rwandan delegation Andre Ntagerura spoke in support of these proposals. "Let nonaligned and developing countries build national culture under the banner of independence and sovereignty," a speech of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song at the banquet arranged in

honour of the attendants of the first conference of ministers of education and culture of nonaligned and other developing countries, was adopted at the conference as its official document amid enthusiastic applause of the attendants.

It was also decided amid stormy applause of the attendants to adopt a letter of thanks to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, in the name of the conference.

Then, delegates of 35 countries and international organisations spoke on the agenda items at the session. The speakers expressed deep thanks to the great leader President Kim Il-song for having arranged a grand banquet for delegations and delegates to the conference and made an excellent speech which would serve as a guiding compass for the Nonaligned Movement and stressed that his speech would make great contributions to the attainment of the aim of the Nonaligned Movement. They highly estimated the successes of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the fields of education and culture and stressed that all her successes are an example worthy of emulation for the nonaligned and other developing countries.

They pointed to the tasks of the nonaligned and developing countries in exchanging their experiences and cooperating with each other in the educational and cultural fields.

The conference continues.

Delegations Leave

SK010349 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0332 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--Delegations and delegates that had attended the first conference of ministers of education and culture of nonaligned and other developing countries left here for home on 30 September.

Delegations and delegates leaving here yesterday were:

The delegate of Cyprus, delegations of India, Guyana, Mozambique, Nicaragua, Yugoslavia, Afghanistan, Argentina, Bangladesh and Benin, delegates of Botswana, Cameroon and Grenada, delegations of Burundi, Central Africa, Colombia, Comoros, the Congo, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Indonesia, Laos, Lesotho, Malaysia, Maldives, Mauritania, Nepal and the Palestine Liberation Organisation, delegates of Kenya, Lebanon, Malta, Mexico, Nigeria, Oman and Peru, delegations of the Socialist Party of Puerto Rico, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Syria, Tanzania, Togo, Uganda, Upper Volta, Zambia, the African National Congress of South Africa, the World Federation of Teachers' Unions and UNESCO, delegates of Tunisia, Zaire, SWAPO, the Center of Economic and Social Studies of the Third World, the conference of ministers of education of countries of French expression and the conference of ministers of youth and sports of countries of French expression, the International Center for

the Study of Conservation and Restoration of Cultural Property, the League of Arab States, OAU, the African and Mauritius Commune Organisation, the United Nations Industrial Development Organisation and the World Health Organisation.

Earlier, the delegations of Algeria, Madagascar, Democratic Yemen, Seychelles, Mauritius, Zimbabwe, Iran, Angola, Iraq, Mali and the Yemen Arab Republic and delegates of the ALESCO and Sri Lanka left here for home.

Delegates Praise DPRK Development

SK010920 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0802 GMT 1 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--Foreign delegations which had participated in the first conference of ministers of education and culture of nonaligned and other developing countries held in Pyongyang expressed deep impression for the development of education and culture in Korea.

After inspecting Kim Chaek University of Technology, Isafi Peter Woto, chief education officer of the Department of Non-Formal Education of Botswana, said: All the people in Korea are vigorously advancing toward the peak of science in high spirit, firmly united in one idea and one purpose in accordance with the educational idea and policy advanced by the great leader President Kim Il-song and the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il. Your people are all studying embraced in the well-organized educational system, and working for the development and prosperity of the country.

The speech made by President Kim Il-song this time is a historic document which serves as a programmatic guideline for the nonaligned and developing countries in developing education and culture.

Back home, I will dedicate myself to the work for further developing education and culture in Botswana upholding the educational and cultural idea of the great comrade President Kim Il-song.

J.W. Rwanyarare, minister of culture and community development of Uganda, said after inspecting the Grand People's Study House that the house is a wonderful base for realising the intellectualisation of the whole society. The world people should actively learn from the practical example of Korea which is vigorously pushing ahead with the intellectualisation of the whole of society, he stressed.

After being shown round Pyongyang Music and Dance University Ndikumana Thomas, director of the cabinet of national education of Burundi, said that he was further convinced that Korea's hosting of the conference was an entirely just one. The Democratic People's Republic of Korea, he said, is a country which set an example of genuine education and culture by brilliantly embodying the chuche idea.

At the Kim Hyong-chik University of Education Mohamed Noordin, deputy minister of education of Maldives, said that the excellent experiences were accumulated in the educational work of Korea as a result of the brilliant implementation of "Theses on Socialist Education" authored by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

Emanuel Dadari, minister of national education, arts and culture of Upper Vota, said, while inspecting the Pyongyang University of Fine Arts, that great successes were achieved in the field of fine arts in Korea and that the chuche-based educational idea of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song has been brilliantly carried into effect in the field of fine arts education under the wise guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il.

After appreciating a circus show Jorge Serrano, delegate of the Center of Economic and Social Studies of the Third World, said that Korean circus is the world's best one giving strength and courage to people.

Amelia Matos Sumbana, national director of the Ministry of Education and Culture of Mozambique, said at the Chunghwa boys senior middle school that the successes and experiences gained in the educational field of Korea are the source of strength for the nonaligned and developing countries in developing education.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

DELEGATION OF SOCIALIST PARTY OF CHILE VISITS

Delegation Arrives

SK301646 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1622 GMT 30 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--A delegation of the Socialist Party of Chile headed by Clodomiro Almeida Medina, secretary general of the Central Committee of the party, arrived in Pyongyang today by plane.

It was met at the airport by Comrade Kim Yong-nam, member of the Political Bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and Cho Yong-kuk, vice-director of a department of the WPK Central Committee.

Reception Held for Delegation

SK020915 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0834 GMT 2 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)--The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea hosted a reception for the delegation of the Socialist Party of Chile at the Okryu Restaurant on the evening of 1 October. Invited to the banquet were the members of the delegation headed by Clodomiro Almeida Medina, secretary general of the Central Committee of the Socialist Party of Chile.

Comrade Kim Yong-nam, member of the Political Bureau, and secretary, of the WPK Central Committee, Cho Yong-kuk, vice-director of a department of the WPK Central Committee, and other personages concerned were present at the reception.

Comrades Kim Yong-nam and Clodomiro Almeida Medina spoke at the banquet.

The attendants drank a toast to the development of friendly relations between the Workers' Party of Korea and the Socialist Party of Chile, to the good health and long life of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, to the good health and long life of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il, and to the health of respected Comrade Clodomiro Almeida Medina.

WPK Holds Talks With Delegation

SK022227 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2209 GMT 2 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--Talks were held in Pyongyang between delegations of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Socialist Party of Chile.

Present at the talks on our side were Comrade Kim Yong-nam, member of the Political Bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Cho Yong-kuk, vice-director of a department of the WPK Central Committee, and other personages concerned, and on the opposite side were head of the delegation Clodomiro Almeida Medina, secretary general of the Central Committee of the Socialist Party of Chile, and member of the delegation Hernan del Canto, international secretary of the party Central Committee.

The talks proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

Kim Yong-nam Sees Delegation Off

SK050006 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2203 GMT 4 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 5 Oct (KCNA)--The delegation of the Socialist Party of Chile headed by Clodomiro Almeida Medina, secretary general of the Central Committee of the party, left Pyongyang on 4 October by plane.

It was seen off at the airport by Comrade Kim Yong-nam, member of the Political Bureau, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, and Cho Yong-kuk, vice-director of a department of the WPK Central Committee.

While staying in Korea, the delegation visited Mangyongdae and went round various places of Pyongyang such as the Tower of Chuche Idea, the Arch of Triumph, the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace and Pyongyang metro.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

JAPANESE PEOPLE HAIL KIM CHONG-IL, SEE FILM

SK272235 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1537 GMT 27 Sep 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 27 Sep (KCNA)--The documentary film "China Visit of Comrade Kim Chong-il, Member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea," continues to be screened in all parts of Japan.

The people expressed deep impressions after seeing the documentary film which gives a vivid picture of Comrade Kim Chong-il performing imperishable feats in the history of Korea-China friendship amid the warm welcome of the Chinese leaders and people during his visit to China on the invitation of Comrade Hu Yaobang, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China.

Shoichi Yokobori, secretary general of the Chiba Prefectural Union of Teachers, said: I could see well the great personality of Comrade Kim Chong-il as a leader. The film made me keenly feel that he fully inherited the great personality of President Kim Il-song. Indeed, the Korean people are guided by an outstanding leader, and we warmly congratulate them with envy.

Nobuko Otaka, chairman of the Society of Women Teachers of the high schools in Chiba Prefecture for the study of Korean affairs, said that the Korean people have an illustrious person as their leader. The future of the Korean people is bright and full of hope, she declared.

A worker named Katsutoshi Kobayashi said that most impressive in the film were the scenes of Comrade Kim Chong-il inspecting factories and other places of China. He wholeheartedly wished Comrade Kim Chong-il good health and a long life.

Isami Nakaguchi, socialist member of the Shinjuku District, Tokyo, assembly, said that the enthusiastic welcome accorded Comrade Kim Chong-il by the Chinese people fully showed how close the blood relations between the Korean and Chinese peoples are and how high his authority is.

Hitoshi Kunji, executive chairman of the Shinjuku branch of the Federation of Telecommunication Workers' Unions, said: The gentle look and modest manner of Comrade Kim Chong-il when conversing with Chinese leaders, and his tender appearance when acknowledging the welcome of Chinese people impressively showed how high and noble his personality as a leader is.

Shoichi Kobayashi, secretary of the Nishi Shinjuku branch of the Scavengers Union, said: The scene showing the energetic external activity of Comrade Kim Chong-il who personified all the noble traits of President Kim Il-song told that he enjoys a very high popularity as a leader. I keenly realized that there is an illustrious leader in socialist Korea where the people are the masters of the country.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

DPRK CONTRIBUTION TO TANZANIAN DEVELOPMENT

SK040134 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2332 GMT 3 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--Magulilwa village of Iringa Province, Tanzania, which had been deserted plain with only several mud huts up until a few years ago has today turned into a "socialist village" thanks to the sincere help of technicians of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the devoted labour of peasants there.

The Magulilwa village was formed and started building a socialist village in response to the call of President Julius K. Nyerere 3 years ago.

Before Korean technicians arrived there peasants there produced only 20 bags of maize from 7 hectares of joint arable land. But since our technicians went there the arable land has expanded to nearly 350 hectares and the maize output continuously increased--1,040 bags in 1981, 3,500 bags in 1982 and 6,970 bags in 1983. This year's output is 10,504 bags when bean, wheat and sunflower are added too.

Vegetable farming which was conducted for the first time also proved successful to fully satisfy the demand of people there and send a large quantity of vegetables to other areas.

President Julius K. Nyerere visited the Magulilwa socialist village on 17 September. The president expressed great joy over the fact that the village which had been a remote place has changed its looks beyond recognition in a few years and has become a model of the Tanzanian countryside.

A mass meeting was held in the presence of the president. In his speech at the meeting the president expressed great satisfaction with the change in the village and stressed that the Tanzanian people should become self-reliant, analysing the economic situation of Tanzania.

Saying that the Korean technicians sent by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song have done very much work at Magulilwa, he stressed: We should all work well like people in Magulilwa.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song makes all party, administration and managerial personages and technicians go to [?full tilt] and solve problems there, joining efforts with workers and peasants and thus develops the

national economy of Korea onto a higher stage, he said, and continued: We should learn from the work method of the Workers' Party of Korea.

All the leading workers of Tanzania should make contribution to attaining self-sufficiency in food by cooperating with the masses as in Korea.

Pointing out that the peasants in Magulilwa should learn more technique from the Korean agro-technicians and pass it on to the peasants in other areas, he said that he was deeply impressed by the sincere help of the Korean agro-technicians for them and congratulated them on their successes.

He extended deep thanks to the great leader for the great successes and change in Magulilwa.

After the meeting a luncheon was given in the club in the presence of the president.

That day the president posed for a photograph together with the Korean technicians.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG GREETES LESOTHO PRIME MINISTER

SK040136 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2340 GMT 3 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message of greetings on 3 October to Leabua Jonathan, prime minister of the Kingdom of Lesotho, on the 17th anniversary of the national day of Lesotho.

The message reads:

On the 17th anniversary of the national day of the Kingdom of Lesotho I warmly congratulate your excellency, the government and people of the Kingdom of Lesotho on behalf of the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own.

The Korean people extend firm militant solidarity with your people who under the correct leadership of your excellency prime minister are bravely fighting to consolidate national independence and defend territorial integrity, frustrating all sorts of more undisguised vile interference by the imperialists and racists.

Sincerely wishing you and the Lesotho people greater success in the work for the country's independent development, I take this occasion to express my conviction that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries which entered a new higher stage of development after your visit to our country will strengthen and develop day by day in the common struggle for independence against imperialism.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

KIM IL-SONG WORKS PUBLISHED IN FOREIGN LANGUAGES

SK040130 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2321 GMT 3 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--The Foreign Languages Publishing House recently brought out "Kim Il-song's Works" Volume 14 in Russian, Chinese, Japanese, English, French, Spanish, Arabic and German.

This volume contains 18 immortal classic works of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song in the period from January to December 1960, including reports, speeches, concluding remarks, talks, etc. Among them are "On Improving the Work Methods of the County Party Organisation in Accordance With the New Circumstances," "On the Successful Accomplishment of the Technical Revolution" and "Let Us Create Literature and Art Suitable to the Chollima Age."

The year 1960 was a historic period when the Korean people successfully completed the building of foundations for socialism and were making preparations to go over to a full-scale construction of socialism.

In this period the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, grasping the new demands of the revolution and construction with his brilliant wisdom, advanced a unique idea and theory, lines and policies to be firmly maintained by our party and people and led the revolutionary struggle and construction work along the road of brilliant victory with his outstanding and tested leadership.

This book systematizes the idea, theory and lines and policies advanced by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song for accelerating the revolution and construction and increasing the internal revolutionary forces by drawing on the advantages of the victorious socialist system and the valuable results and rich experiences gained in the efforts to carry them out.

In the works the great leader illumined the need to improve the method of leadership over the masses in keeping with the new conditions after the socialist system was established, as well as the revolutionary essence and fundamental requirements of the Chongsanri spirit and method originated by him, and specific tasks and ways for their thorough implementation.

The great leader also defined the technical revolution as one of the basic revolutionary tasks to be tackled throughout the period of building socialism and communism and clearly explained the essence and purpose of the technical revolution. In particular, he explained in detail the importance of correctly determining the stages of the technical revolution in those countries which have not passed through an industrial revolution but inherited backward productive forces and policies and methods for comprehensively pushing forward the technical revolution.

Noting that the primary efforts in carrying out the cultural revolution should be given to the educational work, the great leader in the works put forward the policies of further developing educational work and illumined the principles and methods to be firmly upheld in literature and art.

He also clarified the policy and tasks of improving party work to meet the demands of developing realities. Among them are the problem of building up the ranks of cadres and strengthening work among them and the problem of intensifying party guidance of the revolution and construction.

Besides, the works in Volume 14 give a comprehensive explanation of the policy of effecting a great revolutionary upsurge in all sectors of socialist construction by giving greater impetus to the chollima workteam movement, a great onward drive of communism; the policy of augmenting the combat power of the people's army to cope with the prevailing situation; the policy of accelerating the South Korean revolution and the cause of national reunification; the policy of strengthening solidarity with the international revolutionary forces; and other ideas, theories and policies which serve as very important guidelines in the revolution and construction.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

FILM ON KIM CHONG-IL PRC VISIT SCREENED IN JAPAN

SK050017 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2224 GMT 4 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--The documentary film "The China Visit of Comrade Kim Chong-il, Member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea," was screened in Tokyo on 28 September. The film was appreciated by representatives of the Japanese political parties, youth and labour organizations and broad segments of young people of Japan.

Also seeing the film were Pak Chae-no, vice-chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), and functionaries of the League of Korean Youth in Japan.

The documentary film vividly showing the great exploits performed by Comrade Kim Chong-il in developing the Korea-China friendship on to a new higher stage and his extraordinary wisdom, kindness and broadmindedness left deep impressions on the spectators.

The director of the Youth and Children's Department of the Japan Socialist Party said: I am very pleased with the fact that dear Comrade Kim Chong-il visited China and continues to develop the Korea-China friendship. His visit to China will greatly contribute to peace in Asia and the world.

Seeing Comrade Kim Chong-il meeting with Chinese party and state leaders and conversing with Chinese working people with broad smile on his face, I could clearly realise his deep love for man and quality as a great leader. Bright, indeed, is the future of Korea.

The general secretary of the National Council of the Japan League of Socialist Youth said that in the film he clearly saw the great virtues and personality of Comrade Kim Chong-il. Indeed, the Korean people have a great leader. Tender-hearted looks and benevolent expression of Comrade Kim Chong-il deeply impressed me.

The director of the Youth Department of the All-Japan Telecommunication Workers' Union said: The China visit of Comrade Kim Chong-il is of great significance in carrying out the common cause of socialism and communism, I think. Seeing the Chinese people's enthusiastic welcome of Comrade Kim Chong-il, I firmly believed that Comrade Kim Chong-il is a great leader.

The chief of the Tokyo University branch of the Japan-Korea Students Solidarity Committee said: The historic visit to China by Comrade Kim Chong-il carries great significance in bringing the Korea-China friendship to a new height. I could clearly see in the film that Comrade Kim Chong-il is possessed of all traits as a great leader.

The director of the social department of the Japan Seinendan Council said: The film well showing the energetic external activities of Comrade Kim Chong-il gave me an important occasion in understanding his greatness.

The Japanese "TV Kanagawa" screened the documentary film on the China visit of Comrade Kim Chong-il "The China Visit of Comrade Kim Chong-il, Member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau, and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea," from 9 to 9:50 on the evening of 30 September when the audience rate is highest.

The TV introduced from the scene showing the arrival in Beijing, the capital of China, of Comrade Kim Chong-il amid warm welcome of the Chinese party and government leaders including Comrade Hu Yaobang, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, and people to the scene showing his departure amid a warm send-off of the Chinese party and government leaders and people after successfully concluding his visit to China.

That day, the film was watched by a large number of Japanese people and compatriots in Japan in various parts of Kanto including Tokyo. The film evoked great repercussions among them.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/FOREIGN RELATIONS

FOREIGN FIGURES PRAISE KIM CHONG-IL'S LEADERSHIP

SK050024 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2235 GMT 4 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--The Democratic People's Republic of Korea built by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song is developing and prospering still further under the wise guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il and provides the people with a genuine life and happiness.

Jose Francisco Aguilar Bulgarelli, chairman of the Executive Committee of the Latin American Institute of the Chuche Idea, said: The dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il constantly strives to develop the Democratic People's Republic of Korea founded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song into a more powerful country.

He initiated the "70-day battle" and led the people to fulfill their 6-year plan ahead of 16 months in terms of gross industrial output value and successfully organised and directed the "100-day battle" with the Sixth Congress of the party as an occasion.

Under the wise guidance of Comrade Kim Chong-il a large number of important construction projects were carried out in Korea. Among them are the Grand People's Study House, the Pyongyang maternity hospital, the Changgwang health complex, the Mansudae Art Theater, large-size long-distance belt conveyer at Unryul and the Chongjin-Musan long-distance concentrated ore transport pipe.

Susumu Kitayama, member of the Japanese Society of Independence, said: Giving on-the-spot guidance almost every day, the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il leads the socialist construction of Korea to victory, upholding the lofty intention of President Kim Il-song.

He mobilizes the entire people, putting up militant slogans including "let us meet the requirements of chuche in idea, technique and culture!" "let us produce, study and live as the anti-Japanese guerrillas did!" "let us all march forward for the speed campaign!"

Secretary Kim Chong-il organised and guided the "three-revolution red-flag movement," "three-revolution team movement," "movement to learn from the examples of unassuming heroes" and other unique methods of revolutionary guidance and mass innovation movements.

A European figure said, expressing his impressions of Korea: Today the Korean people have become the happiest and most glorious people in the world for they have Comrade Kim Il-song, the genius of revolution and sun of the nation, as the leader and the sagacious leader Comrade Kim Chong-il who is leading the revolutionary cause of chuche started by Comrade Kim Il-song to victory with his tested guidance and outstanding idea, theory and activities.

Upholding the lofty intention of the great leader to finally emancipate the working class freed from exploitation and oppression even from arduous labour, the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il kindled in person the fierce flame of innovation for the introduction of industrial television and automation at the Hwanghae iron works and solved one by one knotty problems arising in their realisation.

Bhuwan Lal Pradhan, ex-minister of agriculture of Nepal and member of the Nepal-Korea Friendship Association, said: Many modern apartment houses and handsome cultural houses were built in all parts of the country for the people under the guidance of Comrade Kim Chong-il. Busy as he is with party and state affairs, he visits even mountainous villages and remote fishing villages, discusses with people there how to improve the living conditions and shows deep concern for them.

Under the energetic guidance of the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il the whole country has been covered with the telecast networks.

Carlos Teixeira Barbosa, section chief of the National Committee of Social Insurance of Guinea-Bissau, said: When a worker of the Kim Chaek iron works was seriously wounded, the dear leader Comrade Kim Chong-il personally sent competent doctors and priceless medicines to revive him and when a girl who was collecting shell-fish in the West Sea was drifted away by waves, he even sent a helicopter to save her. When a Korean was in a critical condition in a faraway country in the Middle East, the dear leader sent a special plane to save him. Comrade Kim Chong-il is, indeed, the tender-hearted leader of the people.

Indeed, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is a genuine country of the people and benevolent power guaranteeing the lives of the people.

CSO: 4100/005

BRIEFS

KIM IL-SONG THANKED BY GUINEAN PRESIDENT--Pyongyang, 29 Sep (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message of thanks sent by Ahmed Sekou Toure, president of the Guinean Revolutionary People's Republic, in connection with the visit of the Guinean party and government delegation to our country. The message dated 24 September reads: Upon their return to Conakry the members of the Guinean delegation which had attended celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea reported about the warm and friendly hospitality and particular solicitude accorded the delegation. On behalf of our government and on our own we extend heartfelt thanks to you for your expression of such deep trust and favour, a reflection of the excellent friendship and true cooperative relations linking our two governments and peoples. Availing ourselves of this happy opportunity, we reassure you of our will to realise deep friendship and broad cooperation in all fields. [Text] [SK290402 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0335 GMT 29 Sep 83]

YAR HEAD MEETS DPRK GROUP--Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--'Ali 'Abdallah Salih, president of the Yemen Arab Republic, on 26 September met the government delegation of our country headed by Vice-Premier Kong Chin-tae. The head of the delegation conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to President 'Ali 'Abdallah Salih. The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey his warm greetings and best wishes to his excellency President Kim Il-song, a close friend. The talk took place in a friendly atmosphere. Present on the occasion was Korean Ambassador to the YAR So Chong-won. [Text] [SK302243 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2211 GMT 30 Sep 83]

NIGERIAN PRESIDENT GREETED--Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on 29 September sent a message of greetings to Alhaji Shehu Shagari, president of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, on the 23rd anniversary of the independence of Nigeria. The message reads: On the 23rd anniversary of independence of Nigeria I warmly congratulate you, your government and people on behalf of the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people and on my own. Convinced that the friendly and cooperative relations between our two countries will further develop I take this opportunity to sincerely wish you and your people greater success in the endeavours for your country's prosperity. [Text] [SK302155 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1606 GMT 30 Sep 83]

NICARAGUAN GROUP SENDS LETTER--Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--A special seminar on "Tasks of the People's Government in Modelling the Whole of Society on the Chuche Idea," an immortal classic work of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, was recently held at the Nicaraguan Group for the Study of the Chuche Idea of Comrade Kim Il-song. A letter to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song was adopted at the seminar. The letter says: After studying the classic work, we came to be convinced that chajusong (independence) can be realised only when the world people firmly arm themselves with the chuche idea. At the seminar we put forward the task to take this classic work as a banner of Kimilsongism and widely propagandize it and decided to further deepen its study in the future. Availing ourselves of this opportunity, we sincerely wish you good health and a long life. [Text] [SK011101 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1025 GMT 1 Oct 83]

ENVOY TO LEBANON--Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--Pak Yong-sik, newly appointed ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of our country to Lebanon, on 30 September presented his credentials to Lebanese President Amin Gemayel. The ambassador conveyed cordial regards of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song to the president. The president expressed deep thanks for this and asked the ambassador to convey his heartfelt greetings to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song. Stressing that the friendly relations between the Lebanese and Korean peoples are treasured, he highly praised the successes made by the Korean people under the wise leadership of the great leader. He expressed support to the Korean people's cause of national reunification. The conversation took place in a friendly atmosphere. Chief of protocol of the presidential office and officials concerned were present on the occasion. [Text] [SK040051 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2202 GMT 3 Oct 83]

REPLY FROM VIETNAMESE LEADERS--Pyongyang, 5 Oct (KCNA)--The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message from Le Duan, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Vietnam, and Truong Chinh, chairman of the State Council of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, in reply to his message of greetings sent on the 38th anniversary of the national day of Vietnam. The reply message dated 22 September reads: We express heartfelt thanks to you and, through you, to the Workers' Party of Korea, the government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the fraternal Korean people for your best wishes extended on the 38th anniversary of the national day of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam. We hope that the friendship between the Vietnamese and Korean peoples will consolidate and develop day by day. We wish the fraternal Korean people many victories in the socialist construction and the cause of the country's peaceful reunification. [Text] [SK050406 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0338 GMT 5 Oct 83]

HO TAM GREETINGS--Pyongyang, 15 Sep (KCNA)--Fo-eign Minister Ho Tam sent a message of greetings to Fernando Vollo Jimenez, foreign minister of the Republic of Costa Rica, on the occasion of the independence day of Costa Rica. [Text] [SK150543 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0353 GMT 15 Sep 83]

GREEN PARTY MEMBER--Pyongyang, 13 Sep (KCNA)--Klaus Timpe, member of the Directorate of the Party of Green of West Germany, left Pyongyang yesterday by air after visiting our country at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea. He was seen off at the airport by Comrade Hwang Chang-yop, secretary, and Kim Yong-son, vice-director of a department, of the WPK Central Committee. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0413 GMT 13 Sep 83]

KOREAN JOURNALIST--Pyongyang, 10 Sep (KCNA)--Mr Kang Chong-su, publisher of HOJU TONGSIN, arrived in Pyongyang on 9 September by plane to attend the celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. He was met at the airport with warm compatriotic sentiments by Chon Kim-chol, vice-chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1613 GMT 10 Sep 83]

HO CHONG-SUK MEETING--Pyongyang, 14 Sep (KCNA)--Comrade Ho Chong-suk Tuesday met and had a friendly talk with David Phatela General Makoe, special envoy of His Excellency Leabua Jonathan, prime minister of Lesotho, and his party on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0405 GMT 14 Sep 83]

KIM YONG-NAM MEETING--Pyongyang, 13 Sep (KCNA)--Comrade Kim Yong-nam on 12 September met and had friendly conversations separately with the delegation of the Unified Socialist Party of Mexico headed by Adolfo Samdez Rebolledo, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the party, the delegation of the American Popular Revolutionary Alliance of Peru headed by Adolfo Guevara, member of its Political Commission and senator, and the delegation of the Japan Socialist Party headed by Seiichi Katsumata, ex-chairman of the party and president of the Institute of Socialist Theory, on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0451 GMT 13 Sep 83]

UGANDAN EDUCATION MINISTER--Pyongyang, 10 Sep (KCNA)--A government delegation of the Republic of Uganda headed by Isaac N. Ojok, minister of education, arrived in Pyongyang today by air to attend the celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the DPRK founding. The delegation was met at the airport by Pak Chong-ham, vice-minister of higher education. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1738 GMT 10 Sep 83]

SO KWAN-HUI MEETING--Pyongyang, 13 Sep (KCNA)--Comrade So Kwan-hui on 12 September met and had a friendly talk with delegate of the Communist Party of Ecuador Freddy Almeida Uraga, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the party, on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK150549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0435 GMT 13 Sep 83]

HWANG CHANG-YOP MEETING--Pyongyang, 15 Sep (KCNA)--Comrade Hwang Chang-yop Wednesday met and had a friendly talk with the church idea study delegation of Tanzania headed by H. Osman, director of the Development Institute of the Dar es Salaam University of Tanzania, on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK150549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0352 GMT 15 Sep 83]

AN SONG-HAK MEETING--Pyongyang, 13 Sep (KCNA)--Comrade An Song-hak on 12 September met and had a friendly conversation separately with the party and government delegation of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam headed by Tran Xuan Bach, member, and secretary, of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Vietnam, and Ib Norlund, member of the Political Bureau, and secretary in charge of ideology, of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Denmark, on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK150549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0433 GMT 13 Sep 83]

CHAE HU-CHONG MEETING--Pyongyang, 13 Sep (KCNA)--Comrade Chae Hui-chong met and had a friendly talk on 12 September with the delegation of the Senegalese Socialist Party headed by Kabirou Mbodje, member of the Political Bureau and secretary of the Political Department of the party and first secretary of the parliament, on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Present there was Yi Chae-kun, vice-director of a department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea. [Text] [SK150549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0431 GMT 13 Sep 83]

CHONG CHUN-KI MEETING--Pyongyang, 12 Sep (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ki on 11 September met and had friendly conversations separately with the party and government delegation of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen headed by Saeed Askari Abdullah, member of the Central Committee of the Yemen Socialist Party, the government delegation of the Republic of Uganda headed by Isaac N. Ojok, minister of education, and the delegation of the youth of the Panhellenic Socialist Movement headed by Kourmatzis Athanassios, deputy secretary of its Central Committee, on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK. [Text] [SK150549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0342 GMT 12 Sep 83] Pyongyang, 13 Sep (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Chong Chun-ki on 12 September met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (Sohyo) headed by Uichi Shimizu, vice-president of Sohyo, on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK150549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0453 GMT 13 Sep 83]

HONG SONG-YONG MEETING--Pyongyang, 12 Sep (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Hong Song-yong on 11 September met and had a friendly conversation with the government delegation of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea headed by Angel Ndong Micha, minister of labour, social security and promotion of women of Equatorial Guinea, on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Present there were a personage concerned and Equatorial Guinean Ambassador to Korea Salvador Ela Nseng Abegue. [Text] [SK150549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0340 GMT 12 Sep 83] Pyongyang, 14 Sep (KCNA)--Vice-Premier Hong Song-yong on 13 September met and had a friendly talk with the friendship delegation of Montreuil City, France, headed by its Deputy Mayor Simon Eu-Robert on a visit to our country to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Present on the occasion was Pak Yong-si, vice-chairman of the Korean Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries. [Text] [SK150549 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0404 GMT 14 Sep 83]

HO TAM MEETING--Pyongyang, 16 Sep (KCNA)--Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Ho Tam on 15 September met and had a friendly conversation with Ratsimbazafy Henli Jux, secretary-general of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Madagascar. [Text] [SK230525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2207 GMT 15 Sep 83]

KOREAN RESIDENT IN CANADA--Pyongyang, 22 Sep (KCNA)--Pak Chong-tae, a Korean resident in Canada, arrived in Pyongyang on 20 September by air. [Text] [SK230525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2252 GMT 21 Sep 83]

KOREANS FROM USSR--Pyongyang, 16 Sep (KCNA)--The 56th homevisiting group of Korean nationals in the Soviet Union headed by No Chae-du arrived in Pyongyang on 15 September by air. [Text] [SK230525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2206 GMT 16 Sep 83]

HOME-VISITING GROUP--Pyongyang, 20 Sep (KCNA)--The 58th short-term home-visiting group of compatriots in Japan left Wonsan on 19 September after visiting the socialist homeland. Iren Kapas, a Hungarian radio broadcasting worker, and a Bulgarian mass gymnastic display delegation arrived in Pyongyang on the same day. [Text] [SK230525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0345 GMT 20 Sep 83]

FOREIGN VISITS--Pyongyang, 22 Sep (KCNA)--A delegation of the Korean National Music Committee headed by its Chairman Kim Won-kyun to attend the 20th meeting of the International Music Council scheduled in Sweden, a delegation of NODONG SINMUN headed by its first deputy Editor-in-Chief Chong Ha-chon to visit Poland and a delegation of Korean writers headed by Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Writers Union Yi Maek to visit the Soviet Union left here on 21 September by plane. The delegation of journalists of the Syrian newspaper AL-B'ATH headed by Riadul al-Mahmud, its deputy editor-in-chief, left here by air on the same day after visiting Korea to cover the celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK230525 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2250 GMT 21 Sep 83]

PUBLISHER OF ASIA-AMERICA NEWS ARRIVES--Pyongyang, 8 Sep (KCNA)--Mr Nam Sang-chon, publisher of ASIA-AMERICA NEWS in the United States, arrived in Pyongyang on 6 September on a visit to the homeland to attend the celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. He was met at the airport with warm compatriotic feelings by Chon Kum-chol, vice-chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful

Reunification of the Fatherland, and Chang Pong-chun, secretary of the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots. [Text] [SK090600 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0430 GMT 8 Sep 83]

UN DELEGATE--Pyongyang, 8 Sep (KCNA)--A delegate of the Industrial Development Organisation of the United Nations arrived in Pyongyang yesterday by air to attend the World Health Organisation South-east Asia Regional Conference on primary health care. [Text] [SK090600 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0352 GMT 8 Sep 83]

PUBLISHER OF ASIA-AMERICA NEWS LEAVES--Pyongyang, 18 Sep (KCNA)--Mr Nam Sang-chon, publisher of ASIA-AMERICA NEWS in the United States, left Pyongyang on 16 September by air after visiting the homeland to attend celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. He was seen off with warm compatriotic sentiments at the airport by Chon Kum-chol, vice-chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland, and Chang Pong-chon, secretary of the Korean Committee for Aiding Overseas Compatriots. [Text] [SK170457 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2205 GMT 16 Sep 83]

ECUADORIAN LAWMAKERS DEPART--Pyongyang, 23 Sep (KCNA)--A Lao sports delegation headed by Kham Phong, vice-minister of education of the Lao People's Democratic Republic, arrived in Pyongyang to attend the 32nd meeting of the chairmen of the sports organizations of the socialist countries. Nicaraguan church idea study delegate Aaron Sanchez Bello, coordinator of the Nicaraguan group for the study of the church idea of Comrade Kim Il-song, and Nepalese church idea study delegate Narayan S. Gajourel, a journalist of the paper SANDESH, also arrived here. The parliamentary delegation of Ecuador headed by Carrion Perez, chief of the Commission of Exterior of the Parliament of Ecuador, left for home after attending the celebrations of the 35th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. [Text] [SK230528 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0338 GMT 23 Sep 83]

SOCIALIST SPORTS MEETING DELEGATIONS--Pyongyang, 23 Sep (KCNA)--Delegations who have come to our country to attend the 32nd meeting of the chairmen of the sports organizations of the socialist countries appreciated the mass gymnastic display "People Sing of the Leader" performed by students and school children in Pyongyang at the Kim Il-song Stadium on 22 September. Invited to see it were the members of the delegations. President of the International Olympic Committee J.A. Samaranch on a visit to our country was also invited. Seeing the performance in company with the guests were Chairman of the Korean Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee Kim Yu-sun and personages concerned and working people in the city. The performance was acclaimed by the spectators for its rich ideological and artistic value and high sports skill. [Text] [SK230528 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0341 GMT 23 Sep 83]

DPRK AMBASSADOR TO RWANDA--Pyongyang, 26 Sep (KCNA)--Yom Un-ok was appointed as ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to Rwanda, according to a decree of the Central People's Committee of the DPRK. [Text] [SK260105 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2210 GMT 25 Sep 83]

WPK DELEGATION TO PORTUGAL--Pyongyang, 24 Sep (KCNA)--A delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Kang Sok-sung, member of the WPK Central Committee and director of the party History Institute, left here today by air to attend the Fifth Congress of the Portuguese Socialist Party. It was seen off at the airport by Pak Song-pong, director of a department of the WPK Central Committee, and personages concerned. [Text] [SK260105 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0417 GMT 25 Sep 83]

NODONG SINMUN DELEGATION BACK--Pyongyang, 25 Sep (KCNA)--The NODONG SINMUN delegation headed by its Deputy Editor-in-Chief Pak Chong-sun returned home on 24 September after visiting the Soviet Union. It was met at the airport by Deputy Editor-in-Chief of NODONG SINMUN So Tong-pom and Soviet Ambassador to our country N.M. Shubnikov. [Text] [SK260105 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0834 GMT 25 Sep 83]

LAWYERS GROUP BACK FROM PRC--Pyongyang, 24 Sep (KCNA)--The delegation of the Korean Democratic Lawyers Association headed by its Vice-Chairman Kim Chong-tu which had visited China and the Korean film delegation headed by Deputy Director of the General Department of Film of the Ministry of Culture and Art Kim Myong-ho which had visited the Soviet Union returned home on 23 September by train. The delegation of Japanese lawyers headed by Seiichi Inaba, socialist member of the House of Representatives and representative member of the Society for Defence of Human Rights of Koreans in Japan, left for home on the same day by air after its visit to Korea. A delegation for the study of the chuche idea of India headed by Prof and Dr S.K. Srivastava, dean of a faculty of Banaras University of India, a delegation for the study of the chuche idea of Sweden headed by Jan Johansson and Prof Nigsch Otto of Linz University of Austria, also arrived in Pyongyang by air on 23 September. [Text] [SK260105 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0341 GMT 24 Sep 83]

IOC PRESIDENT LEAVES--Pyongyang, 24 Sep (KCNA)--J.A. Samaranch, president of the International Olympic Committee [IOC], and his party left here on 23 September by air. They were seen off at the airport by Chairman of the DPRK Olympic Committee Kim Yu-sun and personages concerned. Prior to their departure, they visited historic Mangyongdae and inspected the Tower of Chuche Idea and the Arch of Triumph yesterday. [Text] [SK260105 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2202 GMT 23 Sep 83]

HO TAM MEETS PDYR AMBASSADOR--Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Ho Tam on 3 October met and had a talk with Yassin Ahmed Saleh, ambassador of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to our country, when the latter paid a farewell call on him. [Text] [SK040424 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0333 GMT 4 Oct 83]

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

NODONG SINMUN REVIEWS INTERNATIONAL SITUATION

SK020444 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0430 GMT 2 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--Peace is gravely menaced and the danger of war is growing daily in many parts of the world owing to the U.S. imperialists' open maneuvers of aggression and intervention, declares NODONG SINMUN in a monthly review of the international situation today.

Noting that the aggravation of the international situation during the last 1 month is connected with the moves of aggression and war on the part of the imperialists, the U.S. imperialists in particular, the paper says: In this period, the U.S. imperialists desperately clung to the policy of aggression, the "policy of strength," for gratifying their desire for world supremacy.

The military budget scaled at \$187,500 million for the new fiscal year beginning 1 October has already been endorsed at both houses and a bill on appropriating \$7,300 million for the building, expansion and maintenance of U.S. military bases scattered all over the world has been carried at the House of Representatives.

Meanwhile, "all the launching test programs" have been carried out to deploy the medium-range nuclear missile "Pershing II" in the European region from December.

The U.S. imperialists staged U.S.-Honduras joint military exercise in the sea off the northwestern coast of Nicaragua and a joint military exercise in Hamburg Province, West Germany, with the participation of 100,000 U.S. and West German troops. And at the end of the month they started a massive military exercise of the U.S. forces and the Japanese "self-defence forces" in the coastal waters of Japan.

The U.S. imperialists additionally hurled a large force of U.S. imperialist aggression troops into Lebanon under the pretext of "ensuring" the "safety" of the U.S. Marines which had entered Beirut and massed many U.S. warships in the sea off Beirut, starting their military intervention in Lebanon.

By mobilizing their warships, warplanes and artillery pieces they intensified attack on the patriotic forces and murdered many guiltless people in cold blood.

They ceaselessly committed armed attacks against the Nicaraguan people with the mobilization of the Somoza remnants and the Honduran reactionary army. On 8 September planes illegally intruded into the airspace of Nicaragua from the territory of Costa Rica to bomb the airfield and residential quarters and on 23 September planes of counterrevolutionary elements flew again to strike industrial establishments.

The U.S. imperialists have massed many U.S. vessels on the territorial waters on Nicaragua.

Besides, they manipulated their stooges to commit acts of sabotage and intervention in various parts.

The situation makes it incumbent upon the world's peaceloving people to more vigorously struggle in firm unity to check and frustrate the U.S. imperialist moves towards aggression and war, the paper stresses.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DAILY OBSERVES GUINEAN INDEPENDENCE DAY

SK021033 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1001 GMT 2 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 2 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today dedicates an article to the 25th anniversary of the independence of Guinea. Pointing to the successes achieved by the Guinean people in their efforts for building a new life, the paper says:

The Guinean people under the correct leadership of Comrade Ahmed Sekou Toure, president of the People's Revolutionary Republic of Guinea, are waging an energetic struggle to build a prosperous socialist society, smashing the repeated subversive maneuvers and sabotage of the reactionaries at home and abroad.

Pursuing the nonaligned policy externally, the Guinean Government is struggling against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for the complete liberation of the African continent and supporting the struggle of peoples for independence and liberation.

Our people rejoice over the successes made by the Guinean people and extend firm solidarity with their just cause.

The friendly and cooperative relations between the peoples of Korea and Guinea is developing day by day in the struggle to accomplish the cause of independence against imperialism. The Korean visits of President Ahmed Sekou Toure on several occasions were significant events in consolidating and developing Korea-Guinea friendship.

Believing that the excellent friendly and cooperative relations existing between the two countries will grow stronger and develop in the future, our people wish the Guinean people greater success in their efforts for the development of the country.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DAILY NOTES IMPROVING JAPANESE-NATO RELATIONS

SK030422 Pyongyang KCNA in English 0357 GMT 3 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 3 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today prints an article titled "Japan-NATO Relations Become Closer." Noting that close relations between Japan and NATO did not start yesterday or today but have been long-standing, the article says:

The relations between Japan and NATO have become closer since the emergence of the Nakasone cabinet, the most reactionary one ever in Japan. After Nakasone took the seat of premier, the reactionary Japanese cabinet repeatedly stressed the need to strengthen its "relations of alliance" with the NATO member nations and is working hard for this purpose. This was clearly proved by Nakasone's two visits to the United States.

Nakasone is more zealous than any others in applauding the war policy of Reagan and actively supporting the U.S. decision to deploy new type medium-range nuclear missiles in Western Europe.

That the premier of Japan which is not a member of NATO but a victim of nuclear bomb attack openly supported the reckless decision even some West European countries oppose fully shows how anxious the Nakasone cabinet is to behave itself as a NATO member.

To maintain closer relations with NATO member nations, the Japanese Foreign Ministry plans to hold high-level military and political consultative meetings with a number of NATO member nations.

Such moves of the Japanese reactionaries are actively encouraged and urged by the U.S. imperialists.

While clinging to the "policy of strength" to realise their wild ambition for world domination, the U.S. imperialists attach great importance to their "allies," particularly to Japan with big economic potentials and human resources. They try to build up the military potentials of Japan and make it take the lead in executing their aggressive policy towards Asian countries and socialist countries in the Asian-Pacific region. For this purpose the U.S. imperialists strongly demand Japan to beef up its "self-defence forces" and increase military expenses and make Japan a "Far Eastern member of NATO" by developing Japan's relations with NATO.

Actively following the war strategy of the U.S. imperialists, the Japanese reactionaries try to strengthen the "position" of Japan in the Western world and depict itself as a "big power." It is not accidental that the Japanese reactionaries are talking about the "political role" of Japan in the international arena and Nakasone cried that he would build a Japan with a heavy weight as a "big political power." Their talk about a "big political power" means precisely a "big military power." The Japanese reactionaries are seeking to take the road of overseas expansion, stepping up the line of building Japan into a big military power. It is in pursuance of this aim that the Japanese reactionaries are active in the formation of a U.S.-Japan-South Korea tripartite military alliance and working hard to strengthen the "relations of alliance" with NATO.

The moves of the Japanese reactionaries to bind Japan to the aggressive line of NATO under the manipulation of the U.S. imperialists are criminal ones pushing the country on to the road of destruction and gravely endangering the security of the Asian countries.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DAILY ON NAKASONE'S SCHEME TO DEFEND TANAKA

SK050041 Pyongyang KCNA in English 2307 GMT 4 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--On the threshold of the final verdict on former Prime Minister of Japan Tanaka, a criminal involved in the Lockheed scandal, the opposition personages, public figures and people of all segments of Japan strongly demand that a resolution urging him to resign from his post in the lower house be adopted and the court pass a fair decision on him from the stand of the people, but present Japanese Prime Minister Nakasone, turning a deaf ear to the demand of public opinion, is conducting backstage manipulation to make the court pass a decision favourable to Tanaka, defending him.

Pointing to this fact, NODONG SINMUN today notes: It is not without reason that Nakasone is so zealous in vindicating Tanaka.

It says: Nakasone himself is regarded as a "ranking grey official" in the Lockheed scandal and has close personal connections with Kakuei Tanaka, the boss of the biggest group in the Liberal Democratic Party and the chief criminal involved in the scandal.

It was Tanaka and his group who backed up Nakasone to seize the posts of president of the Liberal Democratic Party and prime minister of Japan.

After his assumption of office Nakasone could not but requite the favours of the Tanaka group. He gave important posts of the Liberal Democratic Party and the cabinet to persons of the Tanaka group. Although Tanaka was ousted from power and from the party, his group still has the greatest influence upon the party and the government. Nakasone cannot but read the face of the Tanaka group in any work and cannot but accept its "advice."

Under such condition Nakasone cannot make Tanaka a victim of the Lockheed scandal, notes the paper.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

DAILY OBSERVES LESOTHO INDEPENDENCE DAY

SK041119 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1025 GMT 4 Oct 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 4 Oct (KCNA)--Papers here today dedicate articles to the 17th anniversary of the independence of the kingdom of Lesotho.

Noting that the independence of Lesotho was a historic event which brought about a fundamental change in the life of her people, a signed article of NODONG SINMUN says: Today the Lesotho people under the leadership of Prime Minister Leabua Jonathan are vigorously struggling to consolidate political independence, achieve national harmony and build an independent new life under the difficult conditions created by the encirclement of their country by the South African racists.

Externally the government of Lesotho pursues a nonaligned policy and actively supports and encourages the struggle of the southern African peoples for freedom and independence.

Our people warmly hail all the successes of the Lesotho people and express firm solidarity with their just struggle.

Since the visit to Korea by Prime Minister Leabua Jonathan in May the friendship between Korea and Lesotho has developed into a new higher stage.

In June the government of Lesotho took the decisive step of recognizing the DPRK as the only legitimate sovereign state and suspending "diplomatic relations" with the Chon Tu-hwan puppet clique and expelling puppets from Lesotho.

Our people sincerely wish the Lesotho people greater success in their struggle for the building of an independent and prosperous, new society.

CSO: 4100/005

N. KOREA/INTERNATIONAL COMMENTARY

BRIEFS

BOTSWANA'S NATIONAL DAY--Pyongyang, 30 Sep (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today dedicates an article to the 17th anniversary of the independence of Botswana. Pointing to the successes achieved by the Botswanan people through their energetic struggle to defend national independence and dignity and build a new life after the independence, the author of the article says: The friendly and cooperative relations between the peoples of Korea and Botswana are developing. Our people believe that the friendly relations between the two countries will develop still further in the future. Rejoicing at the successes made by the Botswanan people in building a new life as their own, the Korean people wish them greater successes in their endeavours for the prosperity and development of the country. [Text] [SK301555 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1545 GMT 30 Sep 83]

CYPRUS INDEPENDENCE DAY--Pyongyang, 1 Oct (KCNA)--NODONG SINMUN today dedicates an article to the 23rd anniversary of the independence of Cyprus. Noting that the looks of the country have undergone big changes after the independence thanks to the efforts of the Cyprian people, the author of the article says: The Korean people rejoice at the successes made by the Cyprian people in the building of a new life as at their own. Believing that the friendship between Korea and Cyprus will develop in the interests of the two peoples, our people wish them greater successes in their future struggle. [Text] [SK011104 Pyongyang KCNA in English 1046 GMT 1 Oct 83]

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